



HILTI HCS-R CAST-IN ANCHOR

ETA-20/0479 (23.09.2021)







ZAVOD ZA SL GRADBENIŠTVO NA SLOVENIJE AN

SLOVENIAN NATIONAL BUILDING AND CIVIL ENGINEERING INSTITUTE



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Member of www.eota.eu

Dimičeva 12, 1000 Ljubljana, Slovenija

Tel.: +386 (0)1 280 44 72, +386 (0)1-280 45 37 Fax: +386 (0)1 280 44 84 e-mail: info.ta@zag.si http://www.zag.si

European Technical Assessment

English version prepared by ZAG

General Part

Technical Assessment Body issuing the European Technical Assessment

Trade name of the construction product

Product family to which the construction product belongs

This European Technical Assessment

This European Technical Assessment is

issued in accordance with Regulation (EU) No

Manufacturer

contains

Manufacturing plant

This version replaces

305/2011, on the basis of

ZAG Ljubljana

HCX-R Cast-in socket

33: Cast-in anchor with internal threaded socket

HILTI Corporation Feldkircherstrasse 100 9494 SCHAAN Liechtenstein

www.hilti.com

HILTI plants

13 pages including 10 annexes, which form an integral part of the document

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EAD 330012-00-0601: Cast-in anchor with internal threaded socket, edition September 2015

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Specific parts

1 Technical description of the product

HCX-R Cast-in socket in the size M16 is an anchor consisting of an internal threaded socket with round pin. The socket is made of stainless steel.

The anchor is embedded surface – flush. The anchorage is established by anchorage of rounded pin which is positioned perpendicular to the socket.

An illustration of the product is given in Annex A1.

2 Specification of the intended use(s) in accordance with the applicable European Assessment Document (hereinafter EAD)

The performances given in Chapter 3 are only valid if the anchor is used in compliance with the specifications and conditions given in Annex B.

The provisions made in this European Technical Assessment are based on an assumed working life of the anchor of 50 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the manufacturer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

3 Performance of the product and references to the methods used for its assessment

3.1 Mechanical resistance and stability (BWR 1)

The basic work requirements for mechanical resistance and stability are listed in Annexes C1 to C3.

3.2 Safety in case of fire (BWR 2)

The basic work requirements for safety in case of fire are listed in Annexes C4 and C5.

3.3 General aspects relating to fitness for use

Durability and serviceability are only ensured if specifications of intended use according to Annex B1 are kept.



4 Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (hereinafter AVCP) system applied, with reference to its legal base

According to the decision 96/582/EC of the European Commission¹ the system of assessment and verification of constancy of performance (see Annex V to regulation (EU) No 305/2011) **1** apply.

5 Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system, as provided for on the applicable EAD

Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system are laid down in Chapter 3 of EAD 330012-00-0601.

Issued in Ljubljana on 23. 09. 2021 LJUBLJANA 5 Signed by: Franc Capuder, M.Sc., Research Engineer Head of Service of TAB

¹ Official Journal of the European Communities L 254 of 8.10.1996 ETA-20/0479, issued on 23. 09. 2021 – page 3 of 13



Table A1: Material for socket

Designation	Material
HCX-R M16	
Anchor body	Stainless Steel A4, f _{uk} ≥ 580 N/mm², f _{yk} ≥ 420 N/mm²
Anchor pin	Stainless Steel A4, f _{uk} ≥ 580 N/mm², f _{yk} ≥ 420 N/mm²

Table A2: Material for screw (not included with the fixing system)

Designation	Material
M16	
Screw	Stainless Steel A4 – 70 according to EN ISO 898-1

HCX-R Cast-in socket

D			4.4
Prod	uct	descri	ption

Material



Specifications of intended use

Anchorages subjected to:

- Static and quasi static loading.
- Fire exposure: only for concrete C20/25 to C50/60.

Base materials:

- Reinforced or unreinforced normal weight concrete according to EN 206:2013+A1:2016.
- Strength classes C20/25 to C90/105 according to EN 206:2013+A1:2016. However in the calculation of resistance the values of f_{ck} shall not exceed 50 N/mm², even the product is casted-in concrete of higher concrete strength.
- Cracked and uncracked concrete.

Use conditions (Environmental conditions):

Anchorages subject to dry internal conditions and also in structures subject to external atmospheric exposure (including industrial and marine environment), or exposure in permanently damp internal conditions, if no particular aggressive conditions exist.
<u>Note</u>: Particularly aggressive conditions are e.g. permanent alternating immersion in seawater or the splash zone of seawater, chloride atmosphere of indoor swimming pools or atmosphere with extreme chemical pollution (e.g. in desulfurization plants or road tunnels, where de-icing materials are used).

Design:

- Anchorages are designed under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in anchorages and concrete work.
- Verifiable calculation notes and drawings are prepared taking account of the loads to be anchored. The position of the anchor is indicated on the design drawings (e.g. position of the anchor relative to reinforcement or to supports etc.).
- Anchorages under static or quasi-static loading are designed in accordance with CEN/TS 1992-4, part 1 and 2.
- Anchorages under fire exposure are designed in accordance with EOTA TR 020, Edition May 2004.
- The screw is chosen with corresponding screw-in length acc. to Annex B2, Table B1 and with the strength class acc. to Annex C1 and C2 subject to the required steel resistance.with the material according to Annex A2, Table A2.

Installation:

- Anchor installation carried out by appropriately qualified personnel and under the supervision of the person responsible for technical matters of the site.
- The anchors are fixed on the formwork so that no movement of the anchors will occur during the time of laying the reinforcement and of placing and compacting the concrete.
- Adequate compaction close to the anchor particularly at head of the bolt, e.g. without significant voids. The cast-in anchor is protected against ingress of concrete into the threaded socket. Inner area of the socket made of stainless steel is to be protected against oil. The setting torque given in Annex B2 is not exceeded.
- The anchor may only be set once.
- Overhead applications are permitted.





Table A2: Fastener dimensions

HCX-R			M16	
Anchor body diameter	D ₀	[mm]	22	
Anchor Length	L	[mm]	70	
Anchor pin diameter	D ₁	[mm]	12	
Anchor pin position from top	h	[mm]	56	
	h _{s,min}	[mm]	19	
Allowable screwing depth	h _{s,max}	[mm]	33	
Anchor pin length	L ₁	[mm]	90	

HCX-R			M16
Nominal embedment depth	h _{nom}	[mm]	70
Effective embedment depth	h _{ef}	[mm]	50
Max. diameter of clearance hole in the fixture	d _f	[mm]	18
Min. thickness of concrete member	h _{min}	[mm]	100
Maximum setting torque	max T _{inst}	[Nm]	≤ 5 0
Minimum edge distance and spacing	S _{min}	[mm]	150
within the edge distance and spacing	C _{min}	[mm]	100

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Intended use

Fastener dimensions and installation parameters



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Table C1: Characteristic resistance under tension load of static and quasistatic loading

Size			HCX-R M16
Effective embedment depth	h _{ef}	[mm]	50
Steel failure, fixing anchor and	screw (min. ste	eel strength	A4-70) made of stainless steel
Partial safety factor	1) γMs	[-]	1,66
Characteristic resistance	N _{Rk,s}	[kN]	66,1
Pull-out failure			
Characteristic resistance in cond	crete C20/25		
Installation safety factor	γ̃inst	[-]	1,0
Uncracked concrete	N _{Rk,p,ucr}	[kN]	_ 2)
Cracked concrete	N _{Rk,p,cr}	[kN]	_ 2)
	C30/37	[-]	1,22
Increasing factor ψ_c	C40/50	[-]	1,41
	C50/60	[-]	1,55
Concrete cone and splitting fa	ilure		
Installation safety factor	Yinst	[-]	1,0
Factor for uncracked concrete	k _{ucr}	[-]	11,9
Factor for cracked concrete	k _{cr}	[-]	8,5
Spacing	S _{cr,N}	[mm]	3 · h _{ef}
Edge distance	C _{cr,N}	[mm]	1,5 · h _{ef}
Spacing (splitting)	S _{cr,sp}	[mm]	150
Edge distance (splitting)	C _{cr,sp}	[mm]	75

¹⁾ In absence of other national regulations

²⁾ Pull-out failure is not decisive

HCX-R Cast-in socket

Performances

Essential characteristic for HCX-R Cast-in socket under tension loads



Table C2: Characteristic resistance under shear load of static and quasi-static loading

Size			HCX-R M16
Effective embedment depth	h _{ef}	[mm]	50
Steel failure without lever arm			
Steel failure, fixing anchor and s	screw (min.	steel strength	A4-70) made of stainless steel
Partial safety factor	1) γ _{Ms}	[-]	1,56
Ductility factor	k ₇	[-]	1,0
Characteristic resistance	V _{Rk,s}	[kN]	55,0
Steel failure with lever arm			
Steel failure, fixing anchor and s	crew (min.	steel strength	A4-70) made of stainless steel
Partial safety factor	1) γMs	[-]	1,56
Ductility factor	k ₇	[-]	1,0
Characteristic resistance	M ⁰ _{Rk,s}	[kN]	233,2
Concrete pry-out failure			
Pry-out factor	k ₈	[-]	1,0
Installation safety factor	Yinst	[-]	1,0
Concrete edge failure			
Effective length of fastener under shear loading	l _f = h _{ef}	[mm]	50
Outside diameter of fastener	d _{nom}	[mm]	22
Installation safety factor	Yinst	[-]	1,0

¹⁾ In absence of other national regulations

HCX-R Cast-in socket

Performances

Essential characteristic for HCX-R Cast-in socket under shear loads



Table C2: Displacement under tension load in case of static and quasi-static loading

Size			HCX-R M16
Effective embedment depth	h _{ef}	[mm]	50
Tension load in uncracked concrete C20/25	Ν	[kN]	10,0
Displacement	δ _{N0}	[mm]	0,03
Displacement	δ _{N∞}	[mm]	0,06
Tension load in uncracked concrete C50/60	N	[kN]	15,5
Dianlagement	δ _{N0}	[mm]	0,05
Displacement	δ _{N∞}	[mm]	0,10
Tension load in cracked concrete C20/25	Ν	[kN]	7,2
Dianlocomont	δ _{N0}	[mm]	0,05
Displacement	δ _{N∞}	[mm]	0,10
Tension load in cracked concrete C50/60	N	[kN]	11,1
Displacement	δ _{N0}	[mm]	0,09
Displacement	δ _{N∞}	[mm]	0,18

Table C4: Displacement under shear load in case of static and quasistatic loading

Size			НСХ-R M16 50
Effective embedment depth h _{ef} [mm]			
Shear load in uncracked concrete C20/25 to C50/60	V	[kN]	25,1
Displacement	δ _{V0}	[mm]	1,16
	δ _{V∞}	[mm]	1,75

HCX-R Cast-in socket

Performances

Displacements under static or quasi-static loading



Table C5: Characteristic resistance to tension load in in cracked and uncracked concrete under fire exposure¹⁾

Size			HCX-R M16
Effective embedment depth	h _{ef}	[mm]	50
Steel failure			
	N _{Rk,s,fi(30)}	[kN]	4,71
Characteristic resistance	N _{Rk,s,fi(60)}	[kN]	3,93
Characteristic resistance	N _{Rk,s,fi(90)}	[kN]	3,14
	N _{Rk,s,fi(120)}	[kN]	2,51
Pull-out failure			
	N _{Rk,p,fi(30)}	[kN]	_ 3)
Characteristic resistance	N _{Rk,p,fi(60)}	[kN]	_ 3)
≥ C20/25	N _{Rk,ps,fi(90)}	[kN]	_ 3)
	N _{Rk,p,fi(120)}	[kN]	_ 3)
Concrete cone and splitting fa		1	
	N _{Rk,c,fi(30)}	[kN]	3,76
Characteristic resistance	N _{Rk,c,fi(60)}	[kN]	3,76
≥ C20/25	N _{Rk,c,fi(90)}	[kN]	3,76
	N _{Rk,c,fi(120)}	[kN]	3,01
Characteristic spacing	S _{cr,N,fi}	[mm]	2 · c _{cr,N,fi}
Characteristic edge distance	C _{cr,N,fi}	[mm]	2 · h _{ef}

¹⁾ Design under fire exposure is performed according to the design method given in EOTA TR 020 Under fire exposure usually cracked concrete is assumed. The design equations are given in EOTA TR 020, Section 2.2.1.

²⁾ As a rule, splitting failure can be neglected when cracked concrete and reinforcement is assumed.
³⁾ Pull-out failure is not decisive.

EOTA TR 020 covers design for fire exposure from one side. For fire attack from more than one side the edge distance must be increased to $c_{min} \geq 300$ mm and $\geq 2 \cdot h_{ef}$.

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Performances

Characteristic resistance to tension load under fire exposure



Table C6: Characteristic resistance to shear load in in cracked and uncracked concrete under fire exposure¹⁾

Size			HCX-R M16
Effective embedment depth	h _{ef}	[mm]	50
Steel failure without lever arm			
	V _{Rk,s,fi(30)}	[kN]	4,71
Characteristic resistance	V _{Rk,s,fi(60)}	[kN]	3,93
	V _{Rk,s,fi(90)}	[kN]	3,14
	V _{Rk,s,fi(120)}	[kN]	2,51
Steel failure with lever arm			
	$M^0_{Rk,s,fi(30)}$	[Nm]	9,99
Characteristic resistance	M ⁰ _{Rk,s,fi(60)}	[Nm]	8,33
	M ⁰ _{Rk,s,fi(90)}	[Nm]	6,66
	M ⁰ _{Rk,s,fi(120)}	[Nm]	5,33
Concrete pryout failure			
Pryout factor	k ₈	[-]	1,0
	V _{Rk,cp,fi(30)}	[kN]	3,75
Characteristic resistance	V _{Rk,cp,fi(60)}	[kN]	3,75
≥ C20/25	V _{Rk,cp,fi(90)}	[kN]	3,75
	V _{Rk,cp,fi(120)}	[kN]	3,01
Concrete edge failure			
Effective length of fastener under shear loading	$I_f = h_{ef}$	[mm]	50
Outside diameter of fastener	d _{nom}	[mm]	22

¹⁾ Design under fire exposure is performed according to the design method given in EOTA TR 020 Under fire exposure usually cracked concrete is assumed. The design equations are given in EOTA TR 020, Section 2.2.2.

EOTA TR 020 covers design for fire exposure from one side. For fire attack from more than one side the edge distance must be increased to $c_{min} \geq 300$ mm and $\geq 2 \cdot h_{ef}$.

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Performances

Characteristic resistance to shear load under fire exposure

